

Enhancing Pedestrian Safety in Multimodal Transport through Pod-Based Transfers: An Ontological Approach

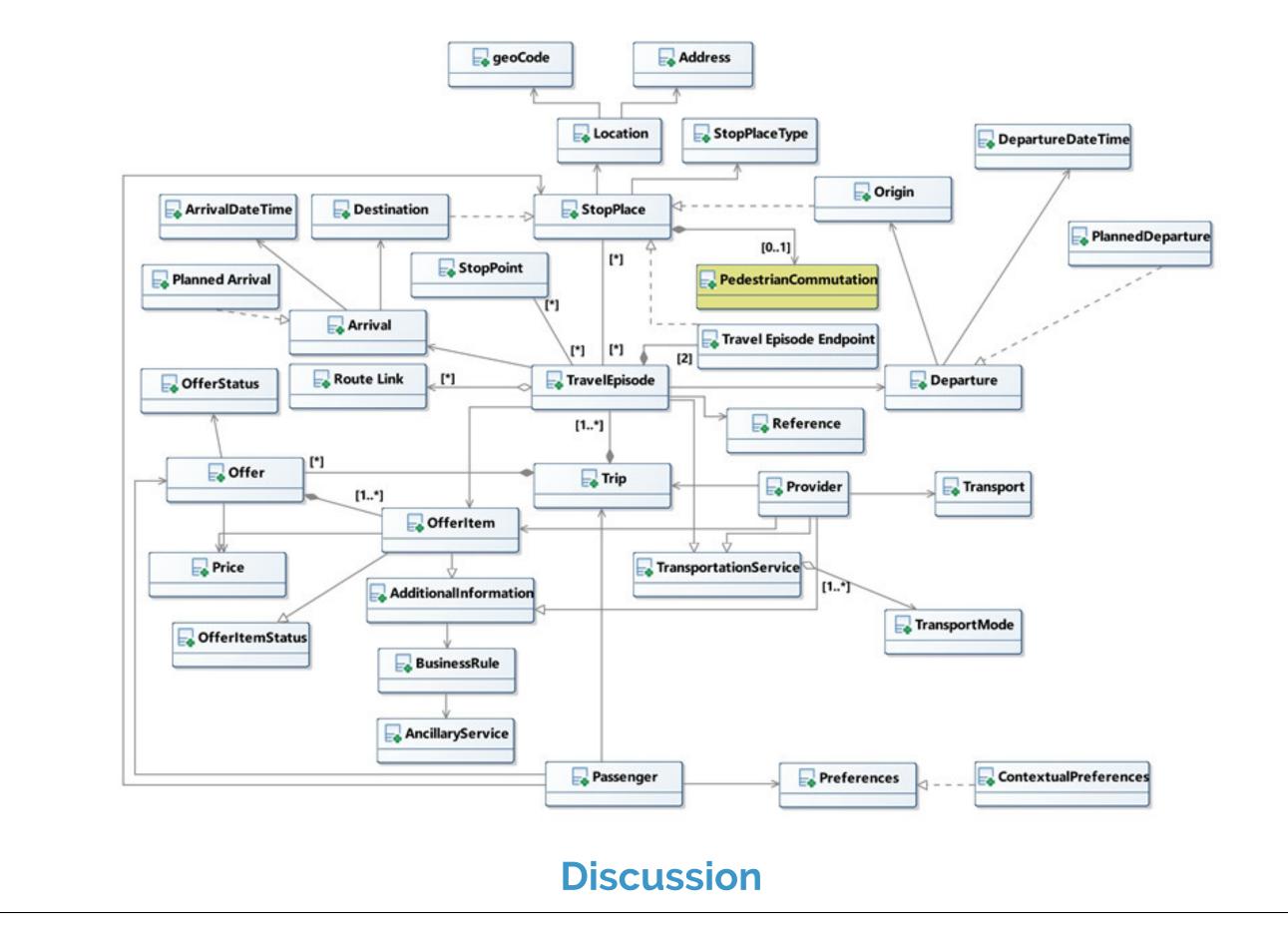
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Abstract

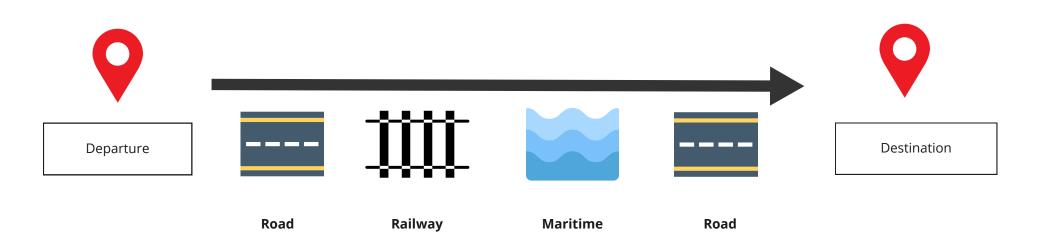
This poster suggests integrating an entity sensitive to pedestrian-related hazards into a travel ontology within the framework of Transport as a Service (TaaS). It addresses the dangers passengers face during the synchronization of flows between travel episodes, an aspect overlooked in current multi-modal mobility studies, which focus on different trip segments but neglect pedestrian safety during transfers. The proposal introduces a new "transfer" entity to the ontology to address this issue. Technologically, it involves using pods that separate transport units from carriers, enabling seamless door-to-door service without pedestrian transitions. However, this raises questions about the legal framework for pods and their compatibility with current and future passenger needs. A preliminary analysis identifies two potential use cases within the extended Paris region.

Context and Challenges

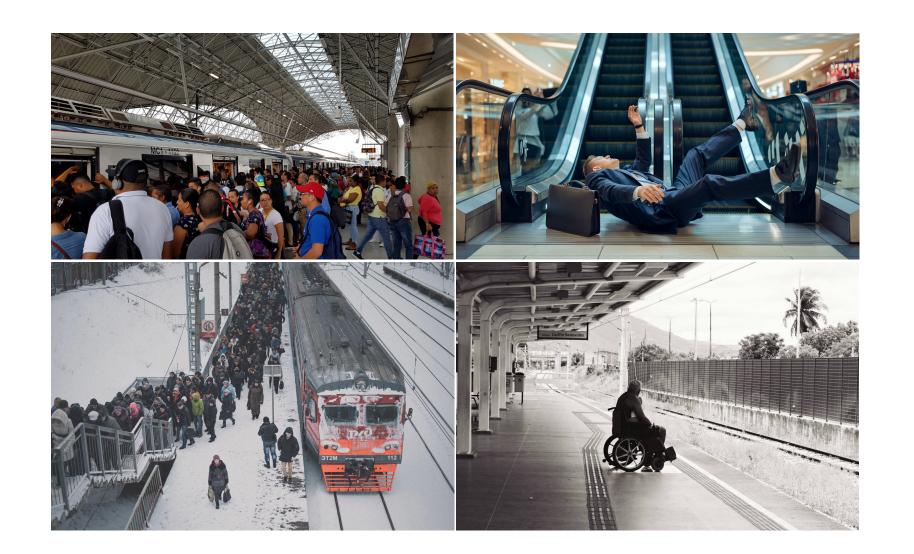


LABORATOIRE ESTAS ÉVALUATION DES SYSTÈMES DE TRANSPORTS AUTOMATISÉS ET DE LEUR SÉCURITÉ

- Multi-modal transportation aims to improve overall transport services by integrating various modes of transport.

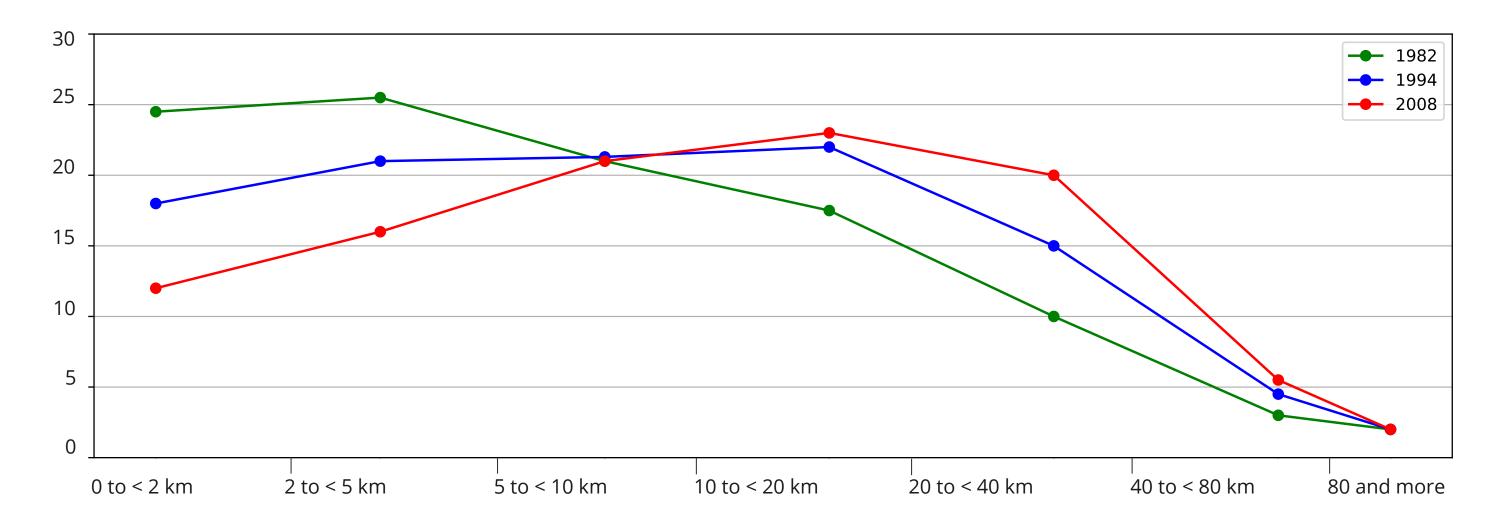


- This integration introduces critical safety issues, particularly in managing passenger flows within transport infrastructures.



Research objectives

- Value of Case Studies: Case studies provide a concrete focus for discussions, helping to evaluate real-world scenarios and constraints.
- Legislative Impacts: The discussion explores the role of legislative requirements on transport design and their implications for safety frameworks.
- Commuting Patterns in Peri-urban Areas: In 2007, 90% of employees in towns with less than 50,000 inhabitants worked outside their municipality, highlighting the need for integrated transport solutions.



This research proposes a multi-modal ontology to address pedestrian safety during transfers, introducing "pods" to minimize risky pedestrian transitions.

The Pods4Rail Project: Contextual Insights

Pods4Rail Project [3]:

- An EU-funded initiative aimed at developing a fully automated, sustainable, and integrated transport system for passengers and goods.
- Focuses on improving multi-modal transport by introducing **autonomous pods** to ensure seamless and safe transfers.

Key Objectives:

Provide door-to-door services to reduce hazardous pedestrian transitions. Enhance safety, accessibility, and efficiency in transfer spaces. • Align with EU goals for sustainable and smart mobility.



In France, in 2007, 90% of employees living in the peri-urban areas of towns with less than 50,000 inhabitants and those living in rural areas work outside their municipality of residence. Based on this observation and based on a composite public transport offer, we propose to roughly identify a transport service compatible with these needs as explained in [1].

Corresponding needs of transport services

- Service Requirements: Based on various types of journeys, such as:
- Inter-city (60+ km): Focus on high-speed connectivity, leveraging main rail lines.
- Intra-urban (under 12 km): Emphasis on capacity and efficient management within densely populated areas.
- **Expected Outcomes:** Increased accessibility and safety in transfer spaces, aligning design and operations with specific travel needs.

Conclusions

- Enriched Ontology: Introducing a comprehensive multi-modal ontology with a focus on pedestrian safety is essential for modern mobility systems.
- **Pods Integration:** Pods offer a transformative solution for door-to-door transport, significantly reducing risks associated with pedestrian transfers.
- Future Recommendations: Suggested regulatory adaptations and further research to ensure safe and efficient integration of pods into urban and inter-urban transport systems.

Acknowledgments.

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Enhancing the FREL Ontology by Introducing the Pedestrian Commutation Concept

- **Ontological Framework:** Extension of the Shift2Rail-IP4 [2] reference ontology to include pedestrian transfers as a critical safety component.
- **Pedestrian Commutation Concept:** A new entity within the ontology representing pedestrian travel between transport modes, with safety features for vulnerable users.
- Knowledge Engineering: By modeling pedestrian movements as a "commutation" episode, this approach provides a structured method to evaluate and mitigate risks.

[1] B. Baccaïni, F. Sémécurbe, and G. Thomas. Les déplacements domicile-travail amplifiés par la périurbanisation. INSEE première, March 27 2007. In French. [2] HaCon. D1.4 – WP1 Travel Shopping: FREL Ontology. Technical report, HaCon, Leader of this Deliverable: HaCon, May 2019. Grant Agreement No. 730846, S2R Joint Undertaking, Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme. [3] SMO-AT / Walter Struckl. Deliverable d2.1: Written report of the definition of multi-modal mobility systems. Deliverable, FA7 Pods4Rail Project, Horizon Europe, November 2023. This project has received funding from the European Union's Horizon Europe research and innovation programme under Grant Agreement No 101121853.

